

KIDNAPING OM NATTEN

Det var natt. Skogen var mørk og det blåste en kald vind mellom de råtne trærne, som sto tett i tett. Det var helt stille. Jeg og tre av vennene, mine hadde gått oss bort. Vi hadde en sekk med noen ting i, men ikke telt. Det eneste vi viste var var et spøkelses hus. Vi trodde ikke på monstere og spøkeser, det eneste vi drodde på var at huse sto tomt. Vi hadde flaks for rett bak, trærne var det en åpen slette. Mitt i den åpne sletta lå et spøkelses hus. det var et råttent hus. Vi ble litt redde men gikk inn det var mørkt. Jeg åpnet sekken og tok ut 4 lommelykter og lukket sekken. Vi gikk opp trappen. Der fant vi et rom med 2 senger to måtte dele på en. Alle sovnet nesten med en gang. Da vi våknet neste dag var en forsvunnet. Vi løp rundt og lette. Vi løp til et stort skap der fant vi han med teip over munnen og var bunnet fast. Vi løp opp og hentet sekken og løp ut.

KIDNAPING ON WATERS

(For)

1. The first case of kidnapping on waters was reported in 1911, when a man was taken from a boat on the Mississippi River and held for ransom. This was followed by several other cases in the same year, and the number of kidnappings increased steadily throughout the decade. By 1920, the number of kidnappings on waters had reached its peak, with over 100 cases reported. Since then, the number of kidnappings has declined, but it remains a serious problem in certain areas.

2. The most common method of kidnapping on waters is by force. The kidnappers usually approach the victim's boat and demand that the victim get up and come aboard their boat. If the victim refuses, the kidnappers will use force to take the victim aboard. In some cases, the kidnappers will use weapons to threaten the victim. In other cases, they will use physical force to take the victim aboard.

3. The most common motive for kidnapping on waters is for ransom. The kidnappers usually demand a large sum of money for the victim's release. In some cases, the kidnappers will also demand other things, such as property or favors. In other cases, the kidnappers will release the victim without any demands.

4. The most common victims of kidnapping on waters are men. This is because men are usually the ones who are on boats. Women and children are also sometimes kidnapped, but they are less common victims.

5. The most common locations for kidnapping on waters are the Mississippi River and the Gulf of Mexico. These areas are popular for kidnapping because they are large bodies of water with many boats. They are also areas where there is a lot of trade, which makes it easy for kidnappers to find victims.

6. The most common methods of preventing kidnapping on waters are by increasing the number of patrols and by improving the security of boats. Patrols can be increased by having more boats on the water and by having more people on the boats. Security can be improved by having better locks on the boats and by having better communication systems.

7. The most common ways to deal with kidnapping on waters are by paying ransom and by seeking help from the authorities. Paying ransom is usually the fastest way to get the victim released. Seeking help from the authorities is usually the best way to get the victim released, but it can take a long time.

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